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M'KINNEY, TEX.

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Dry Goods.
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VOL. 7. M'KINNEY, TEXAS, THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1890. NO. 12

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THE DENTIST,

Who captured the first premium on artificial teeth, and everything else pertaining to dentistry at the Texas State Fair and Dallas Exposition, 1888, has put in more than

3,000 Sets of Teeth

Put in the first year office was opened. I will continue to put in artificial teeth for

$6.00 A SET GOLD FILLING $1.00,

Call and see new method teeth without plates, that will not drop nor get loose, nor injure the remaining teeth, or make the mouth sore. See samples of Continuous Gum Teeth, Gold Plates, Gold Crowns and Porcelain Fillings. Emeral Crowns made to match your own teeth. Porcelain teeth carved for deform jaws, a specialty.

Gold and Porcelain Crowns $2.50 to $5.00.

I have on hand from ten to fifteen thousand dollars worth of dental goods, embracing the finest collection of artificial teeth in the United States, including all the best makes of both American and foreign manufacturers.

Do not be deceived or misled by the statements of the old fossilized and sore-headed dentists, whose methods of practice have long since gone out of date, and who are opposed to the progress and advancement of dental science; but call and see the facilities of my dental establishment for producing strictly first-class work, unsurpassed by any dental office in America. My establishment is conducted on strictly business principles, independent of any clique or combination or code-of-ethics influence.

Dr. Wilkins treats and fills the worst diseased and aching teeth without pain. Open every day from 7 a. m. to 10 p. m. Office.

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Of all kind neatly done at
"LIVE AND LET LIVE" PRICES At the
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Those who wish to purchase any kind of
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SHADE TREES,
Should see the new price list of
M'KINNEY :-: NURSERIES
Before placing an order. Call at this office, or send your address to E. W. Kirkpatrick, McKinney, Tex., and receive new Price List free

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Of whatever value is generally highly prized, and especially is this true when the "Golden Gift" comes in the form of "a Man and a Medicine" that has endeared himself to thousands of his suffering fellows during the past few years, Dr. Charles C. Huxley, the eminent and distinguished Specialist in the treatment and cure of every and all forms of CATARRHAL TAINT, earnestly desires every reader of this paper, who is afflicted with Catarrh, be it local or be constitutional, (or be it both), such acute, chronic or ulcerative catarrh, catarrh of the eye and ear, asthmatic catarrhal dyspepsia and also CATARRHAL CONSUMPTION, as also those suffering from "dry catarrh." (Leprosy of the head, nose, throat and lungs), to AT ONCE send him their address, with four cents in stamps to prepay postage, for his new publication, "HUXLEY ON CATARRH," (30th edition) "New Plan and Special Offer," &c. A personal letter also sent to each person desiring same, N. B.—This pamphlet relates to Dr. Huxley's supreme radical golden TRIPLE treatment for catarrh, consumption and general debility. Address,
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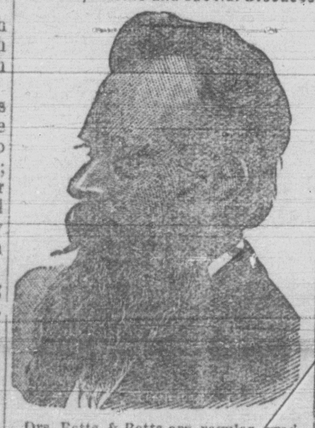
MEDICAL DISPENSARY,
825 Main street, - - - - - Dallas, Tex.
Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. All communications strictly confidential.
FOR THE TREATMENT OF
Nervous, Chronic and Special Diseases



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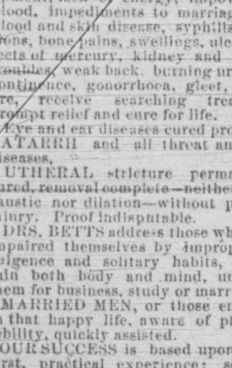

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WARNER BROS. Mnfrs.,
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St. Jacobs Oil
Cures
PROMPTLY AND PERMANENTLY
RHEUMATISM.
For 20 Years.
Pilot Knob, Mo., September 8, 1888.
I suffered with chronic rheumatism in my knees and ankles for twenty years and had to use crutches. I was treated at times by several doctors, but was finally cured by St. Jacobs Oil. Have had no return of pain in three years. HENRY P. TRAVERS.
Chronic Cases 40 Years' Standing Cured.
THE GOOD OFFICE OF
St. Jacobs Oil.
Is well illustrated in the cure of neuralgia, the chief symptom of which is an intermitting pain which follows the course of the nerve affected. St. Jacobs Oil by gentle rubbing and applied frequently, will cure
NEURALGIA.
196 Sackett St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan. 31, 1889.
I was taken with neuralgia in side and suffered 6 months. I was given up by doctors, but was cured by St. Jacobs Oil.
MICHAEL McGINN.
AT DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.
THE CHARLES A. VOGELER CO., Baltimore, Md.

H. L. Pearson
Dental Surgeon,
Office north side square, over Aron's store. Teeth extracted without pain by the use of nitrous oxide gas.

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PRACTICE LIMITED TO
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HIGH-ARM NO. 9,
The lightest running lock-stitch Sewing Machine
—IN—
-THE WORLD.-
Awarded the highest possible
PRMIUM.
THE ONLY
Grand : Prize
At the Exposition Universelle, Paris, 1889.
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IS SOMETHING NEW.
You cannot afford to buy a Sewing Machine without first seeing the No. 9. For sale by
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MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS RAILWAY.
TO ALL POINS
NORTH AND EAST.
THROUGH TRAINS CARRY
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Between Points in TEXAS and
CHICAGO, .·. ST. .·. LOUIS
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C. A. SNOW & CO.
Opp. Patent Office, Washington, D. C.

TEXAS STATE NEWS.

Waco scholastic census gives 3532.

The scholastic census of Thurber is 199.

Real estate is firm in the Abilene country.

Fort Worth is going to have a big brewery.

Abilene is shipping cattle by the wholesale.

Dallas is quite elated over Jay Gould's visit.

The Cuero cotton mill is nearly finished.

Sheep in Taylor county are in fine shape.

Beeville's new city council is in working order.

Austin cries dam! dam! on with the boom.

A real estate exchange is formed at Austin.

The railroad agitation is revived at Center.

It is getting exceedingly dry in Wilson county.

Eagle Pass well-borers are now down 900 feet.

The new courthouse at Granbury is under way.

Rain is very much needed at Kyle and Lockhart.

The first national bank of Haskell is organized.

A big crowd attended the sale of town at Vernon.

The sheriff of Brazoria is waking up the gamblers.

Cuero is getting a frantic real estate boom on her.

Indian Territory prisoners are being jailed at Paris.

The school funds of Wilson county have run short.

Stockcars for shipment are in great demand just now.

Dixon Williams banqueted the Dallas newspaper men.

The Cuero waterworks are to be turned on in a few days.

The Millers State association held their meeting in Dallas.

Denison is happy over a copious and much needed rain.

The woman's exchange of Houston will give a Spanish tea.

The Austin National Bank has organized with $100,000.

The Mexia cannery has been converted into a skating rink.

Farming land in Fort Bend county is increasing in value.

The fair at Taylor opens May 7th and will last three days.

Railway ticket brokers are allowed to scalp in Fort Worth.

Mrs. Joel H. B. Miller, an Austin lady, falls heir to $200,000.

The A. R. and T. have laid their track to the Taylor compress.

A light frost is reported in some portions of Johnson county.

Fire seriously damaged a valuable stock of saddlery at Lampasas.

A number of handsome residences are going up at Brownwood.

Austin, on the 15th inst., consummated a $55,030 real estate deal.

The Beech hotel at Galveston is opened under a new management.

Mrs. Holmes, of Bonham, sends $240 for the Confederate Home.

The farmers of Hood county report a good season in the ground.

T. J. Clay & Co., of Tyler, grocers and liquor dealers, have closed.

The new hotel at Beeville will be known as the Little Queen.

G. H. Wilson is run over and killed by a freight train at Cleburne.

The Alvin strawberries are being shipped in large quantities.

The Sabine river is on a big rise and much hurt to milling will be done.

Eight dry kilns with about 50,000 feet of lumber are burned near Kildare.

Prof. Chilton of Detroit has been lecturing to a normal school at Dalton.

Jay Gould and party paid a visit to San Marcos' beautiful lake and springs.

Mrs. Fitzhugh, of Paris, has raised $600 for the Confederate Home at Austin.

The Staples Waterpower company of Guadalupe county has filed a charter.

The Denison canning factory is actively at work preparatory to a busy season.

A passenger train on the M., K. and T. is derailed near Austin. No one hurt.

Mr. A. A. Smith, a prominent citizen of Honey Grove, dies after a brief illness.

An energetic mass of Austin citizens meet and urge the damming of the Colorado.

The judge of the district court at San Angelo will try hard to suppress gambling.

John Gaul's mangled body was found on the Southern Pacific track at Richmond.

The wheat bugs have almost destroyed that crop in Parker county on the uplands.

The visiting lumbermen in Houston were given a banquet at the Hutchins house.

"Shanghai" Pierce, of Wharton county, shipped 10,000 beeves to the Indian Territory.

Justice Harrison of Waco finds that one John Wold came to his death by an overdose of morphine from his own hands.

Grading has begun on the Waco dummy line, which is to be twelve miles in length.

Very fine specimens of red sandstone are shown at Austin from Lovering county.

At Kilgore, a fast cattle train struck an ancient darkey and buried him fifteen feet in the air.

A young man of Fort Worth, named Wilson, dies of a ruptured blood vessel of the brain.

John Tongue and Tom Rogue get two years in the pen at Texarkana for stealing cotton.

Mr. J. Q. A. Daughtry, the faith doctor, is laying his hands on the people of Beaumont.

The first poles of the telephone line between Beeville, Oakville and Pleasanton are planted.

Galveston and Houston are trying to keep up with San Antonio in real estate transactions.

A New York capitalist has contributed $1000 to the Presbyterian church of New Birmingham.

The Texas and Pacific section house, six miles west of Sweetwater, has been burned down.

The Hill County Medical and Surgical association had their annual banquet several days ago.

The right of way and depot grounds are pledged by the people of Anderson for the Huntsville road.

A strong wind at Dallas blew over a large frame building and severely injured three men.

The Mount Linn town company has been organized at Waco with a capital stock of $100,000.

An offer of $250,000 for the Driskill hotel, Austin, from outside capitalists, has been refused.

A branch of the Atlanta National Building and Loan Association has been organized at Mason.

The total number of pieces handled by Galveston letter carriers for the month of March was 494,702.

The residence of Mr. Dennis of Temple was destroyed by fire while the family were in Fort Worth.

A three-year-old baby girl fell into an open cistern at Sherman, but was taken out and resuscitated.

The wife of Dr. Baylor of Navasota was thrown out of her buggy and her leg broken in two places.

Southern Baptists convene at Fort Worth, May 9th. It is expected 4,000 delegates will be there.

The Texas Historical society met in Austin on the 15th inst. and perfected a permanent organization.

H. M. Porter, a Methodist minister of Fairfield, was found dead in his bed on the morning of the 16th.

The waterworks site is chosen at Vernon. The sale of town lots there by auction was very successful.

A negro woman of Waco is charged with disinterring the remains of a child buried in Waco cemetery.

The City National Bank of Sulphur Springs obtains judgment against A. B. Williamson for $26,228.20.

Cuero is pluming herself on her big real estate deals, for a town of her size, during the last five months.

A German who was poisoned by the bite of a poisonous insect at Floresville has been paralyzed ever since.

The $5,000 for the Texas summer normal fund at Galveston is raised. This places it on a solid foundation.

The postoffice, the Masonic hall and three stores are burned at Corn Hill, twelve miles from Georgetown.

Wichita Falls shows every evidence of prosperity in her business and private structures rapidly materializing.

The Bryan Electric Light and Waterworks company have tested the flow of their water, which is satisfactory.

T. J. Cook has received right of way from the city council of Granbury to construct and operate a street railway.

A young forger was detected and arrested at Bonham through the misspelling of the names which he had forged.

A cautious citizen of Austin regards the damming of the Colorado doubtful. He says "the dam thing might burst."

Bob Lovelace, a 14-year-old boy at Sherman, had his arm dislocated by a "kick" from his gun while hunting.

The municipal elections at El Paso resulted in an entire Democratic ticket, except one alderman and city engineer.

The mill and refinery of the Texas Standard Cotton oil company, Galveston, is burned. A big oil tank was saved.

Baown county will not represent herself at the spring palace, but she is pushing preparations for a big fair in the fall.

Joseph Golden, a 14-year-old boy, accidentally shoots a colored youth at Marshall. He "didn't know it was loaded."

An unknown Mexican was run over and killed by an I. and G. N. train as it came round on the bridge on the Colorado at Austin.

About June 1st the hardware houses of Denison will close their doors at 7 p. m. daily in order to allow employes time for recreation.

A cripple who has been staying with a family in Fort Worth, gets nimbly away with $100 of their money and clothing and jewelry.

Owing to the inclemency of the weather the Knights Templar at their annual meeting at Dallas were forced to abandon street parade.

The jury in the Drak case at Hillsboro fixed the death penalty for the murder of Prof. S. L. Guinn, Waco, in August 1887. This was a change of venue from McLennan county.

Another test has been made of the pumps at the waterworks station, Galveston and they again failed to come up to the requirements.

Dan Clark, who lived near Clarksville, was drowned recently. A party made search recovering the body, and on arriving at the Clark home they found that Dan's brother had also died. Both bodies were laid side by side for burial.

Grover Cleveland, Ben Harrison, Jim Blaine, Windom, Tracy, Noble, Proctor and Wanamaker declined an invitation extended by the secretary of the Sulphur Springs Board of Trade to be present at a grand ball and banquet on May 7th.

Several days ago, in Dallas, John Foche and wife, who came to this country from Germany about seven years ago, sold their little home with the avowed intention of returning to the old country. Foche was very abusive to his family at all times, and was never guilty of over-work. The money was turned over to his wife—about $900—and she sent him to the city to purchase some necessaries. During his absence she secured conveyance and left for parts unknown.

Brazil's provincial government will present a constitution, similar to the United States constitution, to the constituent assembly.

GENERAL NEWS.

DOMESTIC.

Smith, the Mississippi train robber, gets ten years.

The river is rising rapidly at Fort Joseph, La.

It is stated that Clarkson will leave his place June 17.

A foal three hours old sells at Lexington, Ky., for $5,000.

Waddell unsets Wise of Virginia. The vote stands 134 to 120.

W. D. Lowery of Willistown, Tenn., suicided at Helena, Ark.

Col. Fellows, district attorney of New York, is dangerously ill.

A severe earthquake shock was experienced recently at Panama.

Welse, a muskrat hunter, is carried over Niagara Falls in his boat.

Henry Burk, a well-known German of St. Louis, suicided by hanging.

Anti-semitic disorders have been renewed in Vienna. Quelled by troops.

The merchants' and traders' produce exchange of Nashville fails for $100,000.

Providence city election for state senator and representative goes Democratic.

A Wichita baby slips between the meshes of a hammock and chokes to death.

The Cincinnati council has a Republican majority of two and the school board of six.

At Baltimore, State Treasurer Archer was admitted to bail in the sum of $20,000.

John K. Owens, a San Francisco bookkeeper and $10,000 simultaneously disappear.

Secretary Proctor proposes the enlistment of 100,000 Indians into the regular army.

Barrett is very likely never to go upon the stage again, his throat trouble preventing.

Wires in parts of Illinois, Michigan and Ohio are prostrated and news cannot be secured.

The schooner Ethel, was wrecked near Cape Canaverat, Florida, and five persons drowned.

A resolution favoring reciprocity with American nations is introduced before congress.

Chicago bricklayers and masons will strike if the carpenter bosses put on non-union men.

One thousand New York workmen strike at the command of the Central Labor Union.

The president has approved the act making good the defalcation in sergeant-at-arm's office.

The Prophetstown cyclone wrecked depot and elevators and dwellings, but no lives were lost.

Eagle Mining and Timber company, stock $1,000,000 has been organized at Batesville, Ark.

The Ohio elections generally show a light vote and results favorable to Republican candidates.

About twenty of the Boston stonemasons of the hundreds expected to strike, have stopped work.

A bad wreck on the Chicago and Alton. Fireman killed and express messenger had both legs broken.

Wilkinson Bros. & Co. have attached the postal card works at Ansonia, Conn., on a claim of $40,000.

A Connecticut miser worth $100,000 regrets that he cannot swallow his money and take it with him.

Hon. Sam J. Randall died at his Washington residence at 5 o'clock Sunday morning, 13th instant.

Commodore B. H. McCalla is to be tried by court martial, by order of the secretary of the navy.

At a fire in Omaha, Browning King & Co., Falconer and Mrs. Pension are the sufferers. Loss, $115,000.

Jack the inkslinger, who ruins ladies' dresses by throwing dye on them, escapes the New York police so far.

A crazy crank shoots Miss Pritchard, a lady utterly unknown to him, at Medford, Wis., and then kills himself.

A crazy Quaker in Chambersburg, Pa., threatens to dynamite his obnoxious neighbors and is under arrest.

A cyclone strikes Norwalk, O., wrecks factories, injures a score of people, three fatally, and does other damage.

The Chicago directors of the world's fair hold a meeting and discuss ways and means for the other $5,000,000.

The ratification of the Samoan treaty is formally signed at Berlin by England, Germany and the United States.

John Day and Mary Newman, married during the lenten season, have been excommunicated at Plainsfield, Ill.

The naval appropriation bill passes as it left the committee, without the amendments of committee of the whole.

A great electrical storm destroys the telephone service of East Liverpool, O., and burns up the central building.

The reorganized church of latter day saints meets at Daomi, Ia. Church increase during the year, over 2,000.

The sheet iron workers of Nashville, Tenn., are out on a strike for an increase of 25 cents per day and shorter hours.

The senate has passed the bill transferring the weather bureau of the signal service to the agricultural department.

Prof. Brooks has been awarded the astronomical society medal for his discovery of the comet now in the eastern heaven.

The governor of Maryland has declared the office of state treasurer vacant. Stevenson Archer is too sick to be tried.

A heavy hail storm, with large chunks of ice crashing through skylights and injuring foliage, is reported at Roberts, Ill.

Secretary Blaine asks of all the America's information as to the best means of increasing trade with the United States.

Pan-American council adopted committee's report on banking, and recommended a central bureau of statistics and information.

Poole, a recently discharged convict, married May Wyatt of Wabasha county, Minn. Her father will shoot him on sight.

Abraham Keller killed Samuel Logan near Springfield, Ky. Both were young married men and quarreled over their wives.

The accident to the steamer Handy Boy at East Saginaw, whereby eight lives were lost, was due to ignorance of engineer.

The sultan of Turkey does not approve of the agreement between his financiers and a banking syndicate and his ministry may resign.

Capt. Dreson of the steamer Handy Boy was arraigned for willfully killing Marie Knight, Myrtle Owens and Mrs. Henrietta Montgomery.

The river and harbor committee is tied up over the Galveston appropriation, and only want to give Galveston $1,000,000 for next year.

Muncie, Ind., has an Enoch Arden who returns to his family after thirty-eight years absence and silence. No reasons for absence assigned.

Ten dollar counterfeit bills drawn on the Germaine national of New Orleans, now flooding the country, is well executed with the exception of the fibres.

A convention will be held at Lake Mohonk, N. Y., June 5th, to consider the best means of educational and religious improvement of the colored race.

Evan Evans and wife of Pittsburg, Pa., are the parents of a child that is as blue as indigo from head to feet. Physicians say it is caused from a faulty heart.

Texas cattle shipped over the M., K. and T. for St. Louis will hereafter be transfered at Venita, I. T., saving twelve hours time over transfer at Sedalia.

James S. Williamette of Okonagen county, Washington, was murdered by Paul Bergrenludis, who carried the corpse to the widow and flung it at her feet.

Luella Johnson, a colored girl of Olathe, Kas., brings suit against the school board and comes out victorious. She is permitted to attend the ward school of that city.

Judge Pendegrast, of Chicago, instructed the assignee who has charge of the Rand-McNalley building to pay the men their demands and give the union full recognition.

General Manager S. S. H. Clark, H. C. Townsend and other prominent railroad officials of the Missouri Pacific met Jay Gould at Texarkana for a quiet conference.

It is rumored in New York that Miss Winnie Davis, the daughter of the Confederacy, is to wed Mr. Alfred Wilkinson, grandson of Samuel J. May, the great abolitionist leader.

R. E. H. Smith, who embezzled the funds of the Berlin Banking company, of New York, was captured by a Pinkerton detective in Old Mexico. He will be returned to New York to stand trial.

Parties interested in the binding twine business have resolved to undersell the Chicago firm that refused to join the trust and to break them up in business or compell them to join the combination.

Bob Cox, a deputy United States marshal, was killed in the Territory near Fort Smith by Alex Cochran and his son Jesse. A posse is in pursuit of the murderers, and more bloodshed is anticipated.

Four white caps attacked Farmer Holland near Warm Springs, Ark. His fourteen-year-old son opened fire and killed two of the attacking party, and the organization has fallen to pieces in that neighborhood.

H. B. Stone, vice-president of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, who led the great fight on the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers two years ago, has resigned and will embark in the telephone business in Chicago.

Al Reeves, who recently murdered a Catholic priest at Memphis, Tenn., and escaped on the insanity plea, has been released from the asylum and announces that he is prepared to slaughter another gentleman of the cloth.

The carpenters of Indianapolis struck for the eight-hour working day at thirty-five cents an hour. Business in the building line is at a stand-still, although three or four of the contractors have acceded to the demands of the strikers.

The prospects for railroad building in China are not flattering. The sacred temple of the Chin Mein Jein was destroyed by fire recently, and the obstructionists claim that it was a visitation of God upon the people for listening to those in favor of railroads and other improvements.

Jerry Pass, a colored man residing in Lawrence county, Miss., discovered his stables burning. Calling his son he rushed out to extinguish the flames and father and son were both riddled with bullets, and the buildings consumed. Gov. Stone has offered a large reward for the apprehension of the assassins.

FOREIGN.

More rumors of trouble in Guatemala.

Work is being pushed in Vera Cruz harbor.

Chancellor Von Caprivi is growing very popular.

The ministry of the Argentine republic resigns.

Neither Paris nor Berlin like the McKinley bill.

The gasworks at Madrid, Spain, are still burning.

Six thousand carpenters of Graz, Austria, are on a strike.

Caprivi opens the Prussian diet in a well received speech.

The Ameer of Bokhara is booked for a visit to St. Petersburg.

Four German Bankers will establish a gigantic bank in Rome.

A boundary treaty is signed between Buenos Ayres and Brazil.

Brazil continues quiet despite the alarmist cablegrams to the contrary.

Emperor William says he will allow the widest scope to practical criticism.

All is quiet in San Salvador and the revolting Indians are surrendering.

There are 30,229 Germans in Paris and 35,718 in the department of the Seine.

The elections in Peru give the present constitutional government strong support.

Parnell will move the rejection of the Balfour section of the land purchase bill.

The peculations of Tessin's treasurer, Switzerland, will foot 7,500,000 francs.

Anti-Jewish riots in Vienna are not quite over. Six arrests have been made.

France and Holland agree to absolute arbitration in the Guinea boundary question.

German officials are hurrying the departure of the Emin expedition from Zanzibar.

Jewish tailors, pressers and machinists at Manchester, England, strike for more wages.

The anti-Carlist demonstration at Valencia badly wrecked the Jesuit church and college.

Bismarck will not be captious, but will express his views honestly when he thinks it necessary.

Five conservatives returned and no republicans in the Portuguese election for elective peers.

A railroad is contracted for between the Mexican volcano Popocatapetl to the Inter-Oceanic road.

The establishment of the national banks in Brazil cause intense feeling, but a compromise is arrived at.

Le Caron is living in the suburbs of London and is to go to Australia in the employ of the government.

Col. Ryan, of the English artillery has been ordered to New York to witness the test of the dynamite gun.

Emperor Joseph sends William of Germany an autograph letter by his aide-de-camp, Maj. Gen. Baltras.

Von Caprivi allows no minister to give news to the German press. All goes through the official journal.

A bank thief is caught with what he had grabbed a few doors away from the Ville Marie bank, Montreal.

THE DEMOCRAT

EDITED AND PUBLISHED

By the Democrat Publishing Company.

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Six Months,	75
Three "	40

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1-inch single column	8.00

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All contracts will be charged for in proportion to the above.

Address,

DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.,
McKinney, Texas.

THURSDAY, APRIL 24, 1890.

EDITORIALS.

What about hog and hominy?

To protect the weak from the strong is called "paternalism."

Ex-Gov. Hubbard has announced as a candidate for congress in Kilgore's district.

Oh, Liberty! How many crimes are committed in thy name!—Madame Roland.

If some of our voters would refuse to turn the grindstone there would be fewer axes to grind.

The commune threatens us, but it is the legitimate child and offspring of the cormorant. —Att'y.-Gen. Hogg.

Liberty, like a tree, must be pruned in order to obtain the best and largest amount of fruit.

He is a hero who grasps the standard of justice and attempts to plant it upon the bulwarks of audacious capital.

Measure every question by the standard of right and if it comes up to a full measure, go for it, "whole hog or none."

The prosperity of the people means the prosperity of every individual and institution composing it.—Att'y.-Gen. Hogg.

The welfare of the public is dependent upon the producers and yet practically they are the most dependent class in existence.

The combination of determination and persistency founded on prejudice and hate, pervaded by audacity, will sooner or later become unredeemably involved in its own meshes.

Uncle Jerry Rusk thinks that the only hope for any locality is to "board at home and live at the same place." In other words raise a variety of crops and become independent as far as possible, of a foreign market.

Attorney-General Hogg fired his political gun, at Rusk, last Saturday in opening the campaign for governor. His position in favor of a railroad commission is one among the clearest and strongest arguments we have yet read.

Sometimes the treating of a political party with contempt results something like the man who stands on the seashore and sneers at the ocean billows The mighty waves reach out and pull him into its vortex. after which he realizes his own smallness.

Those who write editorials, prepare interviews, make speeches and whisper into the ears of eager listeners against state regulation of their traffic. rates say it is "undemocratic" and sound the alarm of "paternalism" and "personal liberty." All of a sudden they become patriotic and solicitous and pretend to fear that the "fundamental principles" so necessary to the perpetuity of our government will be destroyed Some of them question the right of the state to pass such laws. Others more informed are too considerate and cautious to venture yet awhile quite so far, but are content in their efforts to alarm the business classes. —Att'y.-Gen. Hogg.

Railroad Regulation.

[BY HON. TOM J. BROWN.]

NO. 9.

A favorite argument with those who oppose a railroad commission is, that it is an interference with private business and an invasion of the personal liberty of the citizen. In this it is assumed that the corporations have the same personal rights as private citizens and that the business transacted by them is of a private character in the same sense as that of a farmer, merchant and the like. This position is deceptive and fallacious, but calculated to mislead those who do not stop to investigate the matter. Assertion without proof is the basis of this claim as it is with most the objections urged against the commission.

A corporation has no natural existence and, therefore, has no natural or inalienable rights such as natural persons have. The difference is broad and well marked between the natural man and the artificial person. God made man and men make governments, while the government creates the corporations. The natural man possesses certain rights independent of government, which he cannot surrender if he would. The corporations are created by law and have no rights which are not conferred nor powers which are not delegated by the law. In the case of Paul vs. Virginia, 8 Wallace, page 177, in which a corporation claimed that it was included in the term citizen as used in the constitution of the supreme court of the United States said: "The term citizen as there used applies only to natural persons, members of the body politic, owing allegiance to the state, not to artificial persons created by the legislature, and possessing the attributes that the legislature has prescribed." They are not citizens in the sense claimed and the creation of a commission is not an interference with any personal liberty even if the act relative to a natural person might be so held. Those who advocate a commission do so upon the distinct proposition that railroad transportation is a public business and subject to the control of the state. Those who oppose admit the necessity for regulation of railroads and that the state has the power to regulate them, but claim that it must be done by statute. If the business is private no government has any right to interfere with it, except in so far as it affects the public. If it is not a proper subject of governmental control then the state cannot regulate it by statute any more than by a commission. If it can be regulated by legislative enactment it certainly must be within the legitimate scope of government and the method of exercising control over it is a question of policy and not a fundamental principle of government. When it is admitted that the legislature may control railroads by statute, the whole subject so far as it involves the proposition of its private or public character is virtually surrendered.

The proof that the transportation of freights by railroads is a public business is abundant and indisputable. If it can be arrayed with sufficient clearness this proof must produce conviction in every unprejudiced mind. The best standard by which to judge of the character of any calling or business is the extent to which it affects the public. If in the transaction of that business the interest of the people at large is affected then it is beyond all question of a public nature. In the case of Railr'd. vs. Ferris 26 T., Judge Moore in delivering the opinion of the court said, "It cannot be questioned that a railroad for general travel or the transportation of the produce for the country at large is a public use"

Judged by this standard the transportation of the freights of a whole people is most decidedly public for it is beyond question that all freights must be shipped over the railroads, every citizen is a consumer of the articles thus transported and the people pay the tax for the services rendered, from which the conclusion is irresistable that the public is directly and necessarily affected by the transaction of that business.

It is the duty of every government to furnish and provide public highways for the benefit of its citizens, and in discharge of this duty public roads and streets are laid out and maintained at the expense of the government, acting either directly or through its subordinate political divisions, such as counties and cities. No one for a moment would question that it is the right and duty of the state to do this. In the present condition of the country the railroads are as necessary as dirt roads or streets. The state might build and own the railroads, and indeed some states have done so, but it has been thought the best policy in most of them to organize railroad companies for this purpose and to confer upon them the power to construct, maintain and operate the railroads, and to collect the tax that the state would demand if the roads were operated by it. In order to accomplish this work it is necessary for the state to delegate to these corporations the power to condemn the land of the citizen that may be found necessary in the construction and operation of these highways, thereby empowering the corporations to invoke the exercise of this power. The constitution of this state declares all railroads to be public highways, and all railroad companies common carriers. This was only declaratory of the law as it was before well established as the law. The term "common carrier" was used in the constitution, with reference to its well understood meaning at common law, and was intended simply to announce that the railroad companies should be liable as at common law, for the faithful performance of their duties. At common law there was a distinction between private carriers and common carriers in this: that the latter were regarded as pursuing a public calling subject to regulation by law, while the former was considered to be a private business governed by contract made between the parties. There are, however, imposed upon the railroads by law, duties, liabilities, and restrictions other than those which are attached to common carriers. At common law the common carriers could by special contract limit his liability for losses sustained, but by our statute the railroads are forbidden to make any contract, limiting their liability as known at common law. The corporations having received their franchises from the state cannot voluntarily abandon the performance of heir duties, but must perform them for the public good whether they would do so or not.

In the case of the Railroad vs. Morris 67 T., Judge Stayton delivering the opinion of the supreme court said: "It is well settled that corporations organized for public purposes cannot by contract of sale, lease or otherwise render themselves incapable of performing their duties to the public or in any way absolve themselves from the obligation which forms the main consideration for giving them corporate existence, unless this is done by the consent of the state." They are not only required as at common law to transport all freights rendered to them to the extent of their ability with the machinery and appliance which they possess, but are required to furnish every appliance and convenience that the public service demands. They are created to perform a duty pertaining to the government and they may be correctly designated as public carriers with liabilities of common carriers.

No government has the right to take the private property of one citizen and bestow it upon another, nor to subject it to a use for the private benefit of another without the consent of the owner, but under the constitution the state has the power to condemn to the use of the public the property of the citizen, upon making just compensation therefor. This sovereign power the state has delegated to railroad corporations by enabling them to go into the courts and causing the same to be done. Our own courts, as well as those of all the states in which the question has arisen, have held that the construction and operation of railroads is a public use within the meaning of the constitution. It is called a public use only because it transacts a public business for the people. It cannot be a private business transacted for the public, nor can there be a public use in a private business. Acting upon the well established proposition that railroads are public highways, and that the use to which they apply properly in their construction and operation is public, the legislature of Texas has donated to the corporations about thirty-five millions of acres of the public domain.

No legislature has the right to appropriate the public property of the state to the benefit of private individuals, except for service rendered or to be rendered, or to secure some benefit to the people at large. In making these grants the legislature has in effect declared that railroads are constructed for the benefit of the people of the state, else the legislature would have perpetrated a great wrong upon its citizens in its partiality to the corporations.

Thus we have the declarations of the constitution of the state, the judgments of the courts and the acts of the legislature in support of the claim that railroad transportation is a public business. When seeking the aid of the state the representatives argued with convincing logic that their business was of a public character, and that the use to which the donation was to be applied was the public good. In every case in which railroad corporations have condemned the right-of-way over land, the private property of the citizen, they have asserted in the most solemn manner, and the courts have adjudged that the use to which it is applied is public. They could not have taken private property for any other purpose. Under the law a given number of men can get together and determine that the public good demands a railroad through a certain section of country, file a charter and survey the route, running through the farms and even the houses of citizens, to which the owners must submit, although they were not consulted as to the necessity of the road. To what are they compelled to submit in this matter? Not to the demands of the corporation, but to the demands of the public, to which private rights are held to be subordinate. Thus the use to which the property is to be applied sanctifies the forcible invasion and appropriation of the family home, no matter what sacred memories may cluster around it. If the business is private, then wherein lies the public use which under the constitution gives to them so great power over the property of private citizen?

When the railroad corporations were seeking a donation of lands from the state, and when they asked the courts to dedicate to their use the private property of the individual, they claimed that the use was public and that they were to be granted these rights, not for their private advantage, but for the public good. Now that the roads have been built, in a large measure, by the bounty of the state, and having acquired right-of-ways over private lands to be used for the public, they say to the people, "this is our PRIVATE business, and all efforts on your part to control it is intermeddling, which is wrong and a dangerous invasion of personal liberty."

The champions of railroads in Texas, who proclaim themselves to be especially the defenders of the constitutional rights of the people, claim that for the purposes of receiving donations from the state, and in order to enable them to exercise the right of eminent domain in condemning the lands of the citizens to their use, thus are public corporations created for the performance of a public duty. But when it comes to the point of regulating this public use for the public good, these gentlemen cry out with loud voices and high-sounding words that the constitutional right of the citizen to manage his own private business in his own way is being trampled upon by a mob. They admit that the railroads rob the people and trample upon their right with impunity under the present order of things, for which none of them have ever raised their voices in condemnation. This violation of the constitutional right of the people in no wise excites their anxious fear for the safety of personal liberty and constitutional rights; but when it is sought to place corporations in harness that will hold them to the right course in business, they discover that the fundamental principles of free government are about to be trampled under unhallowed feet.

This personal liberty screech has the evident purpose of associating this movement with that which sought to place another business not under control, but under the prohibition of the law. The aim is to arouse a prejudice and to yoke the commission bill with prohibition and thus give to these corporate bodies the benefit of the defeat of the other measure. In this they greatly underrate the people in their intelligence and fixed purpose to secure justice to themselves.

Sell High pass you by.
Sell Cheap sell a heap.

S. WEISMAN.

—LEADER IN—

CLOTHING, DRY GOODS,

SHOES, HATS,

—AND—

Low Prices

Opposite Opera House, third store from Southwest corner of square, next to Wilson's restaurant.

For a number of years I have been subject to violent attacks of inflammatory rheumatism which generally lasted about two months. On the first of this month I was attacked in the knee and suffered severely for two days, when I procured a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm and it relieved me almost instantly. I therefore most cheerfully recommend it to those who are similarly afflicted everywhere. —R D. Whitley, Martindale, N. C., Feb. 1888. Mr. Whitley is a very prominent man in this place and his illness was very widely known as he suffered such severe pain.—W. M. HOUSTON & Co., Merchant, Martindale, N. C. 50 cent bottles for sale by Bristol Bro.

Drunkenness—Liquor Habit—In all the World There is But One Cure,

DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC.

It can be given in a cup of tea or coffee without the knowledge of the person taking it, effecting a speedy and permanent cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or a confirmed alcoholic wreck. Thousands of drunkards have been cured who have taken the "Golden Specific" in their coffee without their knowledge and to-day believe they quit drinking of their own free will. No harmful effect results from its administration. Cures guaranteed. Send for circular and full particulars. Address in confidence, GOLDEN SPECIFIC Co., 185 Race street, Cincinnati, O.

Altoga.

The Altogo trouble still assumes an ugly shape.

Since the arrest of John Sandidge a short time ago, the community, it seems, is becoming divided over the unfortunate affair. A gentleman writing a correction to nhe DEMOCRAT says, "John Sandidge shot no pistol, nor was he ever suspicioned of having any pistol or of having any part in the shooting at any time before."

Our correspondent further claims that young Sandidge was arrested without just cause consequently he did some cursing and received the severe blows. Again our correspondent advises some men to leave their whisky at McKinney so as to avoid unneccessary trouble.

He also claims that cases yet to be developed will show up the cause of all the trouble.

"It is an ill wind that blows nobody good." Therefore the DEMOCRAT hopes early to see the bright banner of peace waving its beautiful folds over the ex warring elements of Altoga, the queen city that has so recently and magically sprung into noted existence within reach of the musical and rippling sound of Sister Grove creek.

Lecture.

"A Camel Ride of 500 Miles Through the Far East," by W. A. Whittle, on places visited, things seen, and dangers encountered in Syria, Palestine and Arabia.

These lectures have been received with enthusiasm in Europe and America. They have been delivered in the largest cities and before the leading colleges and universities of the country.

The lecture will be delivered at Heard's opera-house May 6, 1890, for the benefit of Buckner Orphan Home.

Mrs Taylor, who lives on the Beecher Cameron farm two miles northwest of McKinney, we are sorry to say, is lying very low with typhoid fever.

Gentlemen, we are hustling to give you the best paper in Collin county. Cannot you hustle just a little and pay us your dues on back subscription?

The straight democratic executive committee met last Saturday and decided to nominate a ticket on the primary convention plan. May 21, next, was set to hold the primary conventions and May 31 for the county nominating convention.

Plano, Tex., April 14.—Mr. James Brent, who was run over and killed here last Saturday evening by the south bound passenger, was buried yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the Methodist cemetery. So far there has been no blame attached against the railroad company for the accident.

Plano, Tex., April 14.—A baptizing took place at the railroad tank about a mile southwest of town this afternoon. Among those that were baptized was J. L. Wyatt, agent of the Houston and Texas Central railway here.

John Thomas and Geo. Galloway of the Mississippi store spent Tuesday in Dallas.

MALYDOR [INJECTION]

TRADE THE GENTLEMAN'S FRIEND. MARK

Our Perfection Syringe free with every bottle. Does not stain. Prevents stricture. Cure gomorrhea and gleet in 1 to 4 days. Ask druggists. Sent to any address for ONE DOLLAR.

Malydor M'g. Co., Lancaster, Ohio.

Rupture and Diseases —OF— THE RECTUM!

Rupture,
Hydrocele,
Varicocele,
Piles,
Fisiula,
Fissure,
Ulceration of Rectum
—BY—
Dr. F. J. DICKEY. Dr. A. D. SCOBEY.

DICKEY & SCOBEY,

We can cure the above troubles in the SHORTEST time known to the MEDICAL Profession. Our Terms are:
No Cure, No Pay
AND
NO PAY
UNTIL CURED.

—:o:—

All we ask of any patient is to secure us for the amount, payable when the case is cured. We have cured more cases of
RUPTURE
and of various
RECTAL TROUBLES
than any other firm in the Southwest

We

Can refer anyone desiring treatment to more than 1,000 cases in and around Dallas. Send a stamp for a Catalogue. Patients desiring to come to Dallas, and remain while under treatment, need not make previous arrangements for board. A number of the best boarding houses in the city are anxious to accommodate our patients. We prefer to have patients make dates with us.

For worthy indorsements call at the DEMOCRAT office Middleton Building, opposite the Postoffice, No. 10001 Main street,

Dallas, Texas.

DEERING JUNIOR STEEL BINDER

THE LIGHTEST WEIGHT PRACTICAL BINDER EVER MADE.

It works perfectly on rough, uneven ground; in tall, heavy grain; in light, short grain; in badly lodged grain. Some others do not.

Strongest Frame, Simplest Construction, Lightest Draft, Greatest Durability, Most Easily Managed. GREAT IMPROVEMENTS for 1890 place it farther than ever in the lead of pretended rivals.

DEERING LIGHT REAPER.
DEERING GIANT MOWER.
NEW DEERING MOWER.

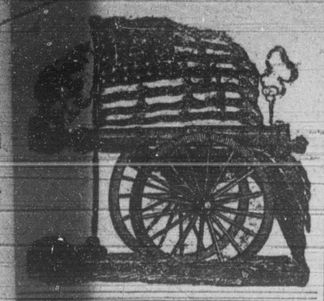
Each the Leader in its Class.

The DEERING BINDER TWINE made by ourselves is the best in the world.

Apply to our nearest agent for Illustrated Catalogue and full Information or write direct to us.

WM. DEERING & CO., Chicago, Ill.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.



We are authorized to announce R. D. ALLISON as a candidate for re-election to the office of representative to the lower house of the state legislature.

We are authorized to announce the name of WILLIAMS WARDEN as a candidate for Tax Collector, subject to the action of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. T. ANDREWS as a candidate for Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

We are authorized to announce the name of J. M. BALL, as a candidate for Justice of the Peace Precinct No. 1, subject to the action of the democratic party.

W. C. JONES authorizes us to announce him as a candidate for re-election to the office of District Clerk, subject to the action of the democratic party.

GEO. E. ADAMS authorizes us to announce him as a candidate for County Treasurer, subject to the action of the democratic party.

LOCAL NEWS.

Reduced Rates via M. K. & T. Ry. Account of Southern Baptist Convention.

Account of the Southern Baptist meeting which convenes at Fort Worth, Tex., May 9, 1890, the Missouri, Kansas and Texas railway will sell upon May 7, 8 and 9, 1890, round trip tickets to Fort Worth, at rate of one fair for the round trip, tickets to be good 30 days. Call upon your local ticket agent for tickets and particulars, or address H. P. Hughes, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't. M. K. & T. R. R., Fort Worth, Tex., or Gaston Meslier, Gen'l Pass. & Tk't. Ag't., Sedalia, Mo.

Smith Bros.

Keep on hand fresh drugs, patent medicines of all kinds. Also toilet articles of any description; in fact, everything in the drug line. Call and see them, east side of the square.

Important Notice.

To the stockholders of the Collin County Alliance Milling Association: You are hereby notified that there will be an annual meeting of the stockholders of the Alliance Milling Association to beld in McKinney on the 3d day of May, 1890. It is to be hoped that each and every stockholder be present for business of the most important nature will have to be attended to.

J. N. STANDERFER,
Pres. Board of Directors.

Reduced Rates Via M., K. & T. Ry. Account of General Conference of the M. E. Church South.

Account of the General Conference of the M. E. Church South, which will be held in St. Louis, Mo., from May 7th to 21st, 1890, the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway will sell round trip tickets to St. Louis, Mo., and return at one-way fair for the round trip, tickets to be sold from May 3rd, to 8th, and good for 30 days. Call upon your local M., K. & T. R. R. ticket agent for tickets and particulars, or address H. P. Hughes, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't, Fort Worth, Tex., or Gaston Meslier, Gen'l Pass. & Tk't. Ag't., Sedalia, Mo.

At Cost! At Cost!

I take pleasure in informing the ladies that I will from this date until September 1st, sell my millinery and notions at cost. I will carry, during the entire season, the choice new shapes in hats and bonnets and the trimmings necessary for them. On Wednesday and Saturday of each week I will have special sales in goods including pattern hats. Extending a cordial invitation to all and see that I mean the cost. I am respectfully,

MRS. FANNIE JOHNSON.

For Sale, Cheap.

A 29x100 feet, in McKinney, with two-story brick house; lower floor occupied as postoffice. Upper floor as family residence. Will sell for cash, or on easy terms at low rate of interest, or will take a small farm as part payment, and balance in time to suit purchaser. Premises now rented for a year at $50 per month. Apply to

W. S. SPROLES,
Main street, Dallas, Tex.

Read the Mississippi store "ad."

☞If you enjoy a pretty fit and good shoe or slipper call at S. Weisman.

See the "ad" of S. Weisman in this issue.

☞New lawns, gingham and calico at Weisman.

The genial and able Dr. Thurman of Gainesville visited us Wednesday.

☞The rain does not stop the rush at the Nickel store.

Jim Morrell says, "Send me the DEMOCRAT; I want her."

☞Everything in the dry-goods line can be bought cheap at R. M. Board's.

J. M. Kincaid and his niece, Miss Bettie Wallace, visited Fort Worth this week.

Dear reader, kindly ask your neighbor to subscribe for the DEMOCRAT.

☞Go to the Nickel store and you will come away happy.

Do you want to save money? Buy your clothing, shirts, shoes hats, etc, at Weisman's new store.

The western tourists all acknowledge that Collin county cannot be beat for agricultural products.

☞Everybody says that Weisman has the nicest lot of plaid and stripe white goods, laces and flouncings.

A protracted meeting is in progress at the Old School Presbyterian church.

☞For the best summer wear at the lowest price, go to R. M. Board.

As we go to press the rain continues. East Fork and Wilson creek are overflowing their banks.

The candidates are hustling now preparatory to the primaries on the 21st of next month.

☞Spend your nickels at the Nickel store.

☞Go to R. M. Board before you purchase your summer wear.

W. B. Newsome, groceryman, went to Dallas this week.

☞Corn and oats taken at the highest market price in exchange for lumber, at Nenney & Pardue's. 37-1y

Capt. John Johnson returned home Tuesday last from a brief visit to Missouri.

Read each article of Hon. Tom Brown on "railroad regulation." It will give you much light on that subject.

☞Spend your cash with R. M. Board.

Wash Taylor has returned from Thorp Springs where he has been attending school. He will stay until the beginning of the next term.

☞Don't forget the Nickel store when in the city.

Mr. Robert Ray has been appointed teacher of primary class in McKinney college, Miss Fannie Shipe, resigned. Mr. Ray is a worthy young man, and we trust the appointment is well taken. We wish Robert great success.

The promptness and certainty of it's cures have made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy famous. It is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and is the most effectual remedy known for these diseases. 50 cent bottles for sale by Bristol Bro.

☞If you need table linens, towels or crash, we have some bargains. WEISMAN.

Mr. S. Weisman showed us a letter this week, written by a New York gentleman in which the correspondent speaks highly of McKinney both as to its healthy location and its business appearance. Particularly does he compliment the business men of Louisiana street.

We received a communication from Weston, but owing to the fact the writers name did not accompany the letter, we are forced to consign it to the waste basket. We reiterate that the name must always accompany communications, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith, and please always write only on one side of the paper.

Dead.

Charlie Cameron died last Thursday. Charlie had been in bad health for years. Poor unfortunate fellow he seemed to eke out a miserable existence only to be relieved by the weight of death which at times is a welcome visitor to the frail barks which are grounded by the "rocks and storms" of life.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO } ss
LUCAS COUNTY. }

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo county and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of catarrh that cannot be cured by the use HALL'S Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of Dec., A. D. 1886.

A. W. GLEASON.
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75 cents.

Marriage Bells.

The following marriage licenses were issued by County Clerk Keen since our last report.

A. H. Boren and Josie Beard, W. T. Gaw and Annie Moore, John Holland and Sciota B. Sutherland, W. M. Johnson and Alice Frazier, J. H. Dickerson and Lillie Wellerford, E. J Frizzell and L. E. Douglas, J. J. Fitch and Mrs Elimna Harvin. J. H. Crouch and Clara Letson, J. T. Sons and Willie McCollins, Crow Doss and L. A. Coffey, F. E. Hoffman and E. C. Tendall, H. J. Mounger and G. C. Welborn.

For years the editor of the Burlington Junction, (Mo.,) Post, has been subject to cramp colic or fits of indigestion, which prostrated him for several hours and unfited him for business for two or three days. For the past year he has been using Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy whenever occasion required, and it has invariably given him prompt relief. 25 and 50 cent bottles for sale by Bristol Bro.

Another Scrap.

The west side of square was the scene of a slight scrap last Tuesday between Mr. Pickett and Mr. Sneed. Both parties live about seven miles north of McKinney. Sneed is a young man and is teaching school and Mr. Pickett is one of the patrons of the school. It seems that young Sneed had punished one of Mr. Pickett's boys for bad conduct at school, after which the school house was burglarized, resulting in the taking of a clock and doing some other small damage. Charged with this offense, two of Mr. Pickett's boys were arrested and brought to McKinney for trial last Tuesday. There being no proof, the boys were released. These proceedings, we understand, was the cause of the fight between Pickett and Sneed.

All are entitled to the best that their money will buy, so every family should have, at once, a bottle of the best family remedy, Syrup of Figs, to clense the system when costive or bilious. For sale in 50c and $1 00bottles by all leading druggists.

The community around Milligan's school house, five miles east of here, had the pleasure of a treat in the way of speeches, dialogues, compositions and essays, at the close of Mr. W. L. Yarbrough's school. The school has been in session for the past five and a half months, and judging from all reports, the community is well pleased with the results of the past session.

Young women are frequently supposed to have consumption, when the cause of bad health is leucorrhea, whites, or some other female trouble. The system needs iron and uterine tonics, all which are combined in Dr. Dromgoole's English Female Bitters. One bottle taken according to directions will convince you of the truth of this statement. If your druggist don't keep it, write Dr. J. P. Dromgoole, Louisville, Ky.

☞It is impossible to name all articles that can be bought cheap at the Nickel store. Call and see for yourselves.

The East Line has completed laying its steel rails to McKinney. It will not be long until this road is in first class condition.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns and all skin eruptions and Positively cures Piles, or no money required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For Sale By E. N. McAULAY and Bro

WE PAY CASH

For our Goods. Sell all the year for

CASH,

And are always able to secure bargains, and offer bargains that we otherwise could not. The cash business and credit business are entirely different. Those who buy for cash do not want to pay credit prices and those who buy on time do not expect cash prices. The

MISSISSIPPI STORE

Bids only for cash trade, has but one price, marked in plain figures, and if you will give us a call, you will find that we will always sell you good goods at the lowest

Possible Cash Prices.

Give us a trial. Yours, truly,

Murphy, Perry & Co.

Merit Wins.

We desire to say to our citizens, that for years we have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Dr King's New Life Pills, Bucklen's Arnica Salve and Electric Bitters, and have never handled remedies that sell as well, or that have given such universal satisfaction. We do not hesitate to guarantee them every time, and we stand ready to refund the purchase price, if satisfactory results do not follow their use. These remedies have won their great popularity surely on their merits. E. N. McAulay & Bro., druggists.

Jesse Spencer has opened up a confectionery stand in John Cook's feed store on East Louisiana street. Jesse is a good boy and we hope for his success.

A Good Bargain.

What is a communist? One who hath yearnings
For equal division of unequal earnings.
Be he idler, or bungler, or both, he is willing
To fork out his penny and pocket your shilling.

Even worse than the communist are the Bohemian-oats vender, the lightning rod peddler, the "green goods" man—not one of them intends to give you an equivalent for your money. We can tell you, however, where good bargains may be had. Thousands of the most prosperous farmers in the country willingly testify that they have received full value for their money in purchasing the binders, reapers, mowers and binder twine, made by Wm. Deering & Co., Chicago, Ill.

C. B. Randell of Sherman was in to see us the other day and subscribed for the DEMOCRAT. Mr. Randell will enter the contest for the congressional seat this fall.

A Safe Investment.

Is one in which is guaranteed to bring you satisfactory results, or in case of failure a return of purchase price. On this safe plan you can buy from our advertised druggist a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It is guaranteed to bring relief in every case, when used for any affection of Throat, Lungs, Chest, such as Consumption, Inflammation of Lungs, Bronchitis, Asthma, whooping cough, croup, etc. It is pleasant and agreeable to taste, perfectly safe, and can always be depended upon. Trial bottles free at E. N. McAulay & Bro's drug store.

A Proposition.

To the Executive Committe of the Straight Democracy.

Gentlemen: We, the undersigned members of the executive committee of the Collin County democracy, believing that the sentiment of the people of Collin county is opposed to the maintenance of partisan strife, and that by a conciliatory spirit manifested by the opposing factions of the democratic party the same can be obviated, we make this proposition in the interest of harmony.

1st. That the executive committee of each party refrain from calling a primary election or convention and that a free-for-all race be had in which each voter may select his candidate and vote for the man of his choice.

If the above proposition is not acceptable then let the executive committee of the straight democracy call a primary election, each party to be equally represented on the board that holds the election, and we pledge ourselves to abide the results.

W. H. BRUMMETT,
Chairman.
R. D. HICKMAN,
G. S. NELSON,
A. W. MCDONALD,
Committee.

The above proposition was presented to Chairman Muse who presented the same to the executive committee at its meeting April 19th inst., for its consideration. After the proposition was read by the secretary, motion was made to table it, which was withdrawn. A motion was then made by Mr Haly that a committee of three be appointed to consider the merits of the proposition and report to the body immediately, which was overwhelmly voted down, and the consideration of the proposition was terminated. This is the action of the party that has been asking for harmony, and cursing others for stirring up strife.

Oh, consistency, thou art a Jewel. W. W. CHAPMAN

The Old Folks Confederate entertainment was highly appreciated last Friday night. The proceeds netted $300 and will be donated to the Austin Confederate home.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Bois d' Arc Community.

BOIS D' ARC, April 21, 1890.
Editor of the Democrat:

Crops are in excellent condition with the exception of two much rain, which we fear will cause the farmers to get behind with their work.

The cotton crop is nearly all planted.

Oscar Faris, an enterprising clerk of Weatherford, graced our community with his presence last week.

There is some sickness in the neighborhood.

Capt. Wiygle, who has recently become a citizen of McKinney, returns frequently to look after his farming interest here.

The convicts, who have been working on our roads, have removed to other parts of the county.

A progressive Sunday school was organized here last Sunday which will convene each Sunday hereafter at 4 o'clock p. m.

ORPHAN BOY.

A Right Spirit.

The following explains itself:

VERONA, April 17, 1890.
Democrat Publishing Company;:

KIND SIRS: Enclosed please find $3 for which please credit me with that amount as payment for back subscription to your valuable paper. I feel that I have acted very careless in this matter, especially when I remember that you have sustained such heavy financial loss here lately which burden could be greatly lightened by the prompt remittance of dues justly due you by many of your large list of subscribers. * * * I also remit $1.50 more to pay for one year in advance. I cannot do without the DEMOCRAT. Hoping that others will not defer as I have done, I am very respectfully yours, for the right,

Willow Springs Happenings.

LUCAS, April 17, 1890.
Editor Democrat.

Your scribe witnessed the closing exercises of Prof. Doile's school to-day. The classes all stood the examination finely. The professor challenges the county for a better reading class than his class in Fifth reader to their practice. After the regular exercises we had short talks by E. F. England, J. M. Gallagher and others, after which the professor made his farewell address, impressing his students with the importance of persevering in their studies begun, and to prepare for the duties and responsibilities that will rest upon them in the future. His talk contained more good solid truth than any thirty minutes speech to which I ever listened.

I guess you have heard of the political revival which has recently taken place among us. You have read in the old Scriptures about the lion and the lamb lying down together. Well, sir, that has been "fulfilled in our eyes this day." On Saturday night, April 5, the citizens of this community met for the purpose of organizing a Democratic club. The house was promptly called to order by the former chairman who stated the object of the meeting, after which an invitation was given to all democrats who desired to join the club to enroll their names. About twenty names were enrolled, among whom were several of those notorious monsters called mugwumps. After going into permanent organization we had several little speeches from the members of the club on the issues of the day, from which it was discovered that there was no real difference of opinion among the brethren, and that the greatest difference existing heretofore was not in what ought to be done, but the manner in accomplishing these things. There is no question but that democratic harmony can be effected in Collin county if conservative democrats from both factions would take hold of the oars of the old democratic ship and glide her safely back to the harbor of Jeffersonian principles where the people, not bosses, are the power. There is an element in our county who are opposed to harmony. They would be thrown out of employment if they could not be dirt-slinging and strife-making continually. But I think reason and conservatism will prevail in the adjustment of all political difficulties that are now pending.

There are some individuals, I understand, who are pawing the earth on account of certain mugwumps who have gone into the democrat clubs and have been honored with official positions in those clubs. If a person be a member of a democratic club and is elected by a majority of that club to any office in said club, is not that democracy? But I will not discuss this point now, but will say that I am specially loaded for this class of would-be bosses and in due time will turn upon them with their own weapon (the party lash) and beat their socks off of 'em.

Our worthy fellow citizen and postmaster, G. H. Lucas, of the firm of Lucas & Lewis, has left the business of the firm in the care of J. F. Lewis and moved to McKinney to clerk for the firm of Newsome & Sons. The boys will miss Gabe much at the Willows. UNCLE MIKE.

County Alliance Dots.

The Collin County Farmers' Alliance met with Hickman Alliance April 16, at 9 a. m. Pres. Quisenberry called the house to order at the above time.

Bros. J. Hand, J. C. Denton and J. Y. Brooks were appointed as committee on credentials, who reported the following delegates: J. H. Tucker, Z. T. Chambers, W. J. Adams, B. B Bryant, W. B. Chapman, J. B. Jett, O. D. Winn, A. J. Dunn, W. O. Douglass, J. M. Wright, A. K. Rutherford, Jas. Rippy, J. J. Dement, T. J. Ransom, J. D. Martin, Z. E. Jordon, J. B. Marshall, P. T. Morris, B. F. Joy, J. E. Ford, R. T. Billinger, A. N. Lathan, A. J. Shannon, J. W. Birdwell, A. W. McDonald, A. F. McDonald, Dr. J. McQuaid, J. W. Morris, J. F. Surgeon, A. R. Epps, R. W. L. Robinson, H. W. Griffith, B. M. Pike, S. Baker, J. P. Hunter, J. J. Davie, R. L. Sears, Jesse Griffith, S. S. Stroup, Jas. Darne, P. W. Duke, J. S. Wilson, J. J Smith, A. B. Watson, E. M. Galbraith, H. N. Strong, T. P. Aycock, E. Thompson, A. T. E. Hall.

Twenty-one of the thirty-one sub-Alliances were represented. Bro. Duncan, the state business agent was present and made a good talk to the members, on the workings of the Alliance commercial agency.

Bro. Evan Jones, ex-president of the state Alliance was present and made a good talk to the members on the issues of the day.

The following resolutions were adopted and ordered published in the DEMOCRAT:

Whereas, We believe that under the present system of managing cotton yards, that it is done altogether in the interest of those who weigh and buy, and greatly to the detriment of the producer and seller; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we favor a plan that will compel all gin men whom we patronize to keep legally tested scales and seal, that the farmers may ascertain correctly what their cotton weighes before leaving the gin, if they so desire.

R. L. SEARS,
G. J. DAVIE.

Adopted by a vote of 31 for and 6 against.

Resolved, That the president of the Collin County Farmers' Alliance shall hereafter deliver a message to the county Alliance setting forth such matters in his quarterly message as he in his judgment may think will advance to the good of the order in the county.

Resolved, That the president shall appoint at the meeting of each county Alliance a committee of three, on agriculture, whose duty it shall be to make to the county Alliance from time to time a lecture on agriculture, either by speech or writing.

Resolved, That we recommend to all farmers, and especially to the Alliance men the exclusive use of cotton bagging as cotton wrapping. We urge sub-Alliances to place their orders immediately with the Alliance agency at Dallas, Tex., for at least one-half of the probable amount needed, for their respective Alliance, accompanying with order with at least 20 cents per pattern. We also recommend to place orders for ties at same time and place.

Resolved, That we most unconditionally recommend that a change be made in the present road law; that we favor a reasonable poll tax on all the property subject to taxation in the state, said tax to be used in the justice precinct in which it is divided. We further demand that no bonds, neither district, county nor state, be issued for road improvements, or for any other purpose whatever, as we do not believe it right to place by our action a debt on posterity.

Resolved, That we accept the proposition of the National Wheel, and sustain our delegates in their action at St. Louis in the consolidation of the different farmers' organizations.

G. J. DAVIE,
JOSHUA GOTCHER,
ALONZO PEDEN,
S. D. A. DUNCAN,
W. T. HALE.

Adopted by unanimous vote.

Whereas, We, the members of Collin County Alliance in convention assembled, do feel grateful to Hickman Alliance for the hospitable manner in which we have been entertained therefore, be it

Resolved, That we extend to the sister and brothers of Hickman Alliance our grateful thanks for their unlimited courtesy toward us.

W. C. CHAPMAN,
B. B. BRYANT,
J. C. DENTON,
Committee.

This was the most harmonious meeting that has been held in Collin county. Fraternally,

K. K. KERR,
County Secretary.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SYRUP of FIGS

Presents in the most elegant form
THE LAXATIVE AND NUTRITIOUS JUICE
—OF THE—
FIGS OF CALIFORNIA,
Combined with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming an agreeable and effective laxative to permanently cure Habitual Constipation, and the many ills depending on a weak or inactive condition of the
KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS.
It is the most excellent remedy known to
CLEANSE THE SYSTEM EFFECTUALLY
When one is Bilious or Constipated
—SO THAT—
PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH and STRENGTH
NATURALLY FOLLOW.
Every one is using it and all are delighted with it.
ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR
SYRUP OF FIGS
MANUFACTURED ONLY BY
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVIL E, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

HALF RATE

From May 7, to 28, 1890, you can obtain of your local ticket agent or by addressing the undersigned, tickets via the Missouri, Kansas and Texas R'y to Fort Worth,

TEXAS,

And return, good until June 3, 1890, one fare for the round trip. This low rate is made by the M., K. & T. R'y on account of the Texas

SPRING PALACE

Which opens at Fort Worth May 10 and closes May 31, 1890, H. P. Hughes, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Ag't. M., K. & T. R'y. Fort Worth, Tex. Gaston Meslier, Gen'l Pass. and Tk't. Ag't., Sedalia, Mo.

Do You Have HEADACHE?

PRESTON'S
HED-AKE
"Cures You While You Wait."
CURES ALL KINDS OF
HEADACHE
AND NOTHING ELSE.
PROMPT! HARMLESS!!
Contains neither Antipyrine, Morphine, Chloral, Opium, Cocaine or other Dangerous Drugs.
PRESTON CHEMICAL CO., Galveston, Tex.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

MONEY!

For money and annual interest at 9 and 10 per cent. for thee, four and five years, see,

M. H. BYRNE.

Interest due November 1, each year. Do not be deceived by the vague and indefinite promises of parties that never expect to fulfill them; but go direct to M. H. Byrne who will not promise that which he cannot fulfill. He will give you the best rates of any agent at McKinney.

OFFICE IN THE COURT-HOUSE.

SOMETHING ABOUT TEA.

IT CAME FIRST FROM JAVA AND NOT FROM CHINA.

Prices Once Charged for the Drug---Chinese Exports Falling Off.

Contrary to the popular impression, says the London Standard, we did not receive our first supplies of what was then known as "chaw," and drunk out of "silver porringers," from China, but from Java, which, until the Dutch obtained possession of the island, was an English settlement. The commerce in the herb could not, however, have been great, for at first the price ranged from £6 to £10 per pound. Even during the reign of Charles II. and his brother it was disposed of at from 15s. to 50s., according to quality, the duty payable on every gallon of the beverage sold in the coffee-houses being eightpence. In the reign of William and Mary it was further burdened with an import duty of 4s. per pound and 5 per cent. of the value, and during the next century, when the average price was 16s., the imports mounted up to fully 200 per cent. on the value of the commoner qualities.

The tea trade, was, however, in that era a comparatively small branch of commerce, being mainly a monopoly in the hands of the East India Company. It was when the consumption increased enormously, while the business of supplying the demand was not too much subdivided, that it became and continued so remarkably lucrative. The prices were not high enough to be prohibitory, and yet were sufficiently good to permit of a handsome profit to grower, buyers, brokers and sellers. This is no longer the case. The people who expect to live by the traffic have multiplied out of all proportions to their customers, with the inevitable result that prices have been whittled down to a figure which admits of little margin. In China—so it is affirmed by those in a position to know—a suicidal attempt has been made by the native growers to recoup themselves for falling prices by more slovenly manufacture and even by flagrant adulteration. This, at least, is the verdict of a body so well qualified to pronounce on the evidence before them as the Shanghai Chamber of Commerce.

A fact even more conclusive is that while the exports of China tea have fallen off enormously, those of the newer tea-producing districts have increased in an inverse ratio. It is known that between 1861 and 1866 the export decreased by 24,000,000, and since then the disparity has been even greater. Thus it is obviously useless for China any longer to regard herself as able to control the tea trade of the world, or to conduct herself as if she were the prime producer. She may be fortunate, indeed, if India, Ceylon and Java leave her the second place in the struggle for supremacy.

The planters of Assam were the first to work their gardens on the principles of scientific high farming, and now they are reaping their reward. But of all the competitors who have disputed the China monopoly, Ceylon is likely to prove the most formidable, though she entered the field so recently that tea was only regarded as a likely crop when the destruction of their coffee plantations compelled the owners of estates to try other products. Now, thanks to the experience of India with which the planters began, and to the advantages of climate and soil, the export of Ceylon tea is increasing year by year, while the quality, taking one season with another, is of a decidedly high standard.

Apples as Medicine.

Chemically, the apple is composed of vegetable fibre, albumen, sugar, gum, chlorophyll, malic acid, gallic acid, lime and much water. Furthermore, the German analysts say that the apple contains a larger percentage of phosphorus than any other fruit or vegetable. This phosphorus is admirably adapted for renewing the essential nervous matter, lethicin, of the brain and spinal chord. It is, perhaps, for the same reason, rudely understood, that old Scandinavian traditions represent the apple as the food of the gods, who, when they felt themseves to be growing feeble and infirm, resorted to this fruit for renewing their powers of mind and body. Also, the acids of the apple are of signal use for men of sedentary habits, whose livers are sluggish in action; those acids serving to eliminate from the body noxious matters, which, if retained, would make the brain heavy and dull, or bring about jaundice or skin eruptions and other allied troubles.

Some such an experience must have led to our custom of taking apple sauce with roast pork, rich goose and like dishes. The malic acid of ripe apples either raw or cooked, will neutralize any excess of chalky matter engendered by eating too much meat. It is also the fact that such fresh meats as the apple, the pear and the plum, when taken ripe and without sugar, diminish acidity in the stomach rather than provoke it. Their vegetable salts and juices are converted into alkaline carbonates, which tend to counteract acidity.

A good, ripe, raw apple is one of the easiest of vegetable substances for the stomach to deal with, the whole process of its digestion being completed in eighty-five minutes. Gefrard found that the "pulpe of roasted apples mixed in a wine quart of faire water, and labored together until it comes to be as apples and ale, which we call lambes-wool, never faileth in certain diseases of the raines, which myself hath often proved, and gained thereby both crownes and credit." "The paring of an apple cut somewhat thick, and the inside whereof is laid to hot, burning or running eyes at night, when the party goes to bed and is tied or bound to the same, doth help the trouble very speedily and contrary to expectation, an excellent secret."

A poultice made of rotten apples is of very common use in Lincolnshire for the cure of rheumatic eyes. Likewise in the Hotel des Invalides at Paris, an apple poultice is used commonly for inflamed eyes, the apple being roasted, and its pulp applied over the eyes without an intervening substance. Long ago it was said apples do easily and speedily pass through the belly, therefore they do mollify the belly, and, for the same reason, a modern maxim teaches that: To eat an apple going to bed, the doctor then will beg his bread.—Hospital, London.

A Whim of Fortune.

Probably the most striking illustration of the whim of fortune in connection with the turf is the story of the Warnke family and their beautiful filly, Reclare. Henry Warnke was a stretch-tender on one of the small roads up to Coney Island at a salary that was little more than sufficient to keep himself and family. His eldest son was of small stature, and with the hope that he would make a good jockey the boy was sent to Jimmy Shields, at Sheepshead Bay. He made some progress and rode in a few races, but nature soon clamored for her rights, and young Warnke found that he was much too big and heavy to ride any longer without weakening himself by reducing. About this time the father, who had put by a couple of hundred dollars, clubbed his savings with the earnings of his son, and set off for the sale of Commodore Kittson's yearlings at Erdenheim. A handsome black filly, by Reform out of imported Clara, caught the eyes, and when she was put up at auction they went their limit and secured her for $425.

The filly was brought to Brighton Beach and a stable constructed for her near the little cottage where the switch-tender made his home. Reclare was the name bestowed upon the filly by Mrs. Warnke, and, as the winter passed, the young miss improved in appearance, until she was the finest looking youngster around the Brighton Beach track. When Spring came and Reclare began to take her gallops, young Warnke, now trainer and exercise boy combined, found that the black filly had a world of speed, and visions of big winnings at Gravesend and Sheepshead Bay filled his mind. The first time Reclare ran was at Sheepshead Bay in a big field. She was a very long short in the betting, and every member of the Warnke family was there to see her debut. Johnny Reagan had the mount, and after the first furlong there was nothing in it but Reclare, the filly winning under a double pull. Mutuel tickets costing $5 yielded a dividend of $195 on the race. From that time forward Reclare was the champion of her age and sex, suffering defeat but three times, her earnings in stakes and purses alone footing up close to $25,000. It is a modest estimate to place Mr. Warnke's fortune at $50,000, besides which he still owns Reclare, and should she train on as a three year-old and retain her form of last season he can with perfect safety write down his winnings at $25,000—perhaps double that sum.

Arabian Babies.

Life has exceptional difficulties for the babies of Eastern nations, especially for those who are of sufficiently high rank to be brought up according to all the ancient customs of their race. The lady who tells her own story in the "Memoirs of an Arabian Princess," says that a royal baby's first toilet, in Arabia, consists in winding a bandage about its body, after it has been bathed and perfumed. The little creature is then placed on its back, its arms and feet are straightened and the entire body swathed to the shoulders.

In this position it remains motionless for forty days, but the bandage is removed twice a day that the child may have a bath. The Arabs believe that this process will make the body straight for life. Under such circumstances it seems fortunate that babyhood is not a period which can be remembered in after years, for no one would choose to suffer such days of misery again, even in recollection.

If the child be a girl, on the seventh day after her birth, holes, usually six in number, are pricked in her ears, and when she is two months old heavy gold rings are attached to them, to be worn throughout her life-time, except during periods of mourning for relatives.

On the fortieth day the baby's head is shaved, a ceremony which could scarcely be performed in our own country, where thick hair is usually of a latter growth. This operation is considered a very important one, and thirty or forty persons are witnesses of it, for the performance of certain rites.

The disposal of the first hair is regarded as a very weighty matter; it must not be burned nor carelessly thrown away, but buried, thrown into the sea, or hidden in some crevice of a wall.

The fortieth day marks a turning point in the child's life. Heretofore it has only been seen by its parents, the slaves on duty, and a few intimate friends of the family; now, however, it may be seen by anybody, and is regarded as fairly launched on the tide of existence.

Several charms are attached to its body for protection against the "evil eye," boys wearing them to a certain age, and girls still longer. The favorite charm consists of a gold or silver locket worn on a chain.

The smallest children among the Arabians are strongly perfumed; everything they use, from their clothing to articles of the toilet, is covered at night with jessamine, and before it is used, fumigated with amber and musk, and sprinkled with attar of roses.

Ghosts on the Illinois Central.

There are ghosts hanging around the big bridge on the Illinois Central just East of the village of Hallsville. The trainmen on the night runs are willing to swear to it, and so are many citizens of Hallsville, Beacon and Midland City. Every night at 10 o'clock a train passes over the bridge, and every night at 10 o'clock three spectral figures take their stand in the middle of the bridge and wildly wave their hands as if to induce the engineer to stop. But as they do not appear until the engine is within a few yards of them there is no time to stop the train, and the figures on the bridge are hurled into the water below. This happened every night for a week. Last night several men from Hallsville waited near the bridge till the three figures appeared and then fired several shots at them without effect. The people living in the neighborhood are in a panic.—Chicago Tribune.

How to Understand Browning.

Mr. Wagstaff has been reading Browning aloud to Miss Wilder.

Wagstaff—"And now what do you think of that particular poem? Do you think it worthy of Browning's reputation?"

Miss Wilder—"It's quite too perfectly lovely. Only Browning could have written it."

Wagstaff—"You understand it fully?"

Miss Wilder—"Perfectly. It is as clear as light to me."

Wagstaff—"Well, you see, I did not know but it might be a little obscure, as I've only been reading every other line, and"—the sweet girl had flounced from the room.—America.

Wanted a License to Live.

Mayor Bishop the other day was confronted by a curious individual—a long, lanky, bucolic seedling who had come direct from Rochester or one of the other suburban towns. He walked directly up to the Mayor's desk and forthwith applied for a "license to live." He was in dead earnest, too. Some merry wags of the State Dairy Commission had impressed upon him the fact that his life was in danger, that at any moment he might be put into jail if he didn't immediately take out a "living" license. He wasn't going to let his life and person remain in jeopardy any longer, and so he went to the Mayor to get the permit.—Buffalo Express.

AGRICULTURAL EMPORIUM.

Cyclopedia of Useful Studies For the Farm and Home.

Intelligent Chapter on Alfalfa—Salt's Value For Cows—Barb Wire Cuts—Valuable Hints For the Home, and Useful Recipes For the Household.

Alfalfa.

Having recently received a number of letters and inquiries in regard to alfalfa, I am now going to answer some of the numerous questions asked me, writes a Garden City, Kan., correspondent of the Practical Farmer.

How much seed does alfalfa make per acre? How much can you sell the seed for per bushel? Is alfalfa good feed for hogs? Is it a good bee plant? Well, in answer to these questions or queries I have to say: Alfalfa makes from five to ten bushels per acre, which is worth $4 per bushel, and makes the farmer from $20 to $40 per acre for seed crop, and we cut it three times a year, once for seed and twice for hay. It makes from three to six tons of good hay per acre, which is worth in Garden City $4 to $5 per ton, can be handled as cheaply as any other kind of hay. For hog feed alfalfa can not be beaten. Hogs never die of cholera that are fed on alfalfa, they will fatten on it in spring and summer and keep in good condition in winter on the hay. Alfalfa for winter feeding to hogs should be cut before it blooms and put up in good condition. I know of a number of hogs in Finney county that have never seen an ear of corn, and they now look as well as any stock hogs I ever owned in the east, when we fed them on corn the year around. Bees would certainly do well in a field of alfalfa, as there is a very heavy bloom and it is very fragrant and richly honey laden, and blooms from May 1 to November 1. Alfalfa, like the orange tree, blooms continuously if allowed to grow without cutting, there being ripe seed, green and bloom on the same stalk, and all simultaneously. We fatten a great number of steers in this country during the winter on alfalfa hay and sell them direct to the butchers and shippers at good prices, they preferring alfalfa to corn-fed cattle—the meat being much more juicy and sweet. In regard to alfalfa as a milk producer, I would say that it will produce a better flow of milk than any feed that can be given to cows. I have tried chopped feed, timothy and clover, but alfalfa excels them all. When do you sow alfalfa? There is quite a difference of opinion on that question but, I would say, sow it any time from March 1 to September 1; quite a number of our farmers have sown it September 1 with good results. Thoroughly prepare your soil, and put your seed in the ground and not on top, and I will insure and guarantee you success, seed but 2 inches in the ground will make 6 inches of root before the top comes up, which insures it against drouth. May 15 of 1889, I sowed twenty acres of alfalfa which was at that time covered with a growth of oats 12 inches high. I used a press drill with corn-planter runners, sowing 20 pounds per acre. We cut off a good crop of oats, and when I was last on the farm last September the alfalfa was 10 inches high and looking well. Can alfalfa be plowed up? Yes, if you have three extra good horses and a good sharp plow. The roots are long and thick, and they grow from 6 to 8 feet and are as large as a fork handle at or near the top of the ground. Alfalfa does not freeze out as red clover does in the east. There was $60,000 worth of alfalfa seed grown in Finney county last year.

Where It Comes From.

It is said that nine-tenths of all the oil of peppermint used in the world comes from one little county in New York state. Wayne county is a small county, but it is one of the leading in points of agriculture in the great Empire state. One branch of agriculture is that of raising peppermint. Two crops of peppermint are raised on a field. The sets, or parts of old plants, are planted in April and May, in rows two feet apart. They grow to the height of two feet. If the leaf is pressed, the odor is very profuse. The gathering season is in August, and the plants are cut close to the roots with a scythe. They are cured by wilting in the sun like hay for about twelve hours, the oil being expressed more freely then than if fresh. From the roots the next year's crop springs.

To Scald Milk Properly.

It is recommended that the milk supply of cities, at least in hot weather, be scalded as soon as received by the consumers, to prevent its souring. To scald milk properly, the following method is advised: Take a thin glass bottle provided with a rubber cork, fill it with milk nearly up to the neck, and place it uncorked in a kettle of water, which should then be gradually brought to a boil. When steam has commenced to escape from the bottle cork it lightly, and continue the boiling from thirty-five to forty minutes, and the process will be complete. A bottle of milk thus prepared, it is said, will remain sweet a month if kept in a cool place and tightly corked.—Journal of Health.

Value of Salt for Milking Cows.

An experiment made the past summer with cows proved that when a handful of salt, or about two ounces of it, was given every day, the yield of butter was increased one-fifth; and when salt was withheld the yield fell off in the same proportion. The reason, beyond question, is that as salt is required for full digestion of the food, more of the food was changed into milk. Keep rock-salt within reach of the cows.

Measuring Corn in the Crib.

D. C. Thompson, Pendleton Co., Ky., asks for a reliable rule for measuring corn in the crib. The best rule for measuring corn in the crib is the following: Multiply the length, breadth and height together in feet to obtain the number of cubic feet. Multiply this product by four, strike off the right-hand figure, and the result will be the number of shelled bushels in all, very nearly.

The Striped Cucumber Beetle.

In my gardening experience of over thirty years, says W. F. Massey, I have never found any need for protectors to keep the striped bugs off of cucumbers, squashes or melons. These beetles usually attack the plants when in the seed-leaf state, and seldom do much harm afterward. As soon as the seed-leaves appear the bugs appear also, but a handful of bone flour dusted over each hill will keep them away.

Barb Wire Cuts.

Some plan must be adopted to prevent so many colts from cutting themselves with barb wire. It is useless to talk of any other kind of fence. Colts get cut oftenest when two herds meet at a fence in adjoining pastures. Colts raised on the same farm are not apt to cut themselves. Colts moved from farm to farm are more likely to get hurt. We think if a smooth wire were put on posts 8 feet high, 4 feet from the barb wire fence, says the Des Moines Register, it would keep the colts away from danger. Boards on top of the fence are not practical, because they would require extra posts. Willow hedges north of the osage orange line of growth, which is about the Rock Island Railway, would answer well around a horse pasture. Most farmers can afford to prepare for horse pasturing, summer and winter. The damage to one colt, if prevented, would pay for considerable extra preparation. Thousands of promising young horses are ruined for the eastern market by being lamed, or by unsightly scars from barb wire. It is well settled that colts can winter in a blue grass pasture with very little grain or hay, or none at all if the grass is abundant and the snow not too deep. We think a willow or osage orange hedge around such pastures beneficial in many ways. Where the pasture is on an open prairie it should have wind-breaks of some kind. We notice that grain growers grub out such hedges, but grazers can afford to let them grow.

Apples Medicinal.

The medicinal virtues of the apple are being sounded on all sides in Europe. It is said to neutralize the evil effects of eating too much meat, and the German chemists state that it is richer than any other fruit or vegetable in phosphorus, an element that is useful in renewing the essential nervous matter of the brain and spinal cord.

Hand-Fed Calves.

If the calves are to be fed by hand, the better plan is not to allow them to suck at all. Take them from the cow and keep in a dry, warm place, and feed regularly. This will be better than allowing them to suck a few days and then take away.

Farm and Household Hints.

A tablespoonful of kerosene in a boiler of clothes will greatly facilitate the rubbing.

Dampness is as injurious to young stock as cold. Dryness and warmth conduce to health and save food.

As a rule all but one of the work teams should be mares, and the mare should bring a good colt every year.

A good pig should average about eight or ten pounds gain daily from birth to slaughter until 12 months old.

Pour a teaspoonful of kerosene into each quart of boiled starch, for a gloss; this will also prevent irons sticking to thin goods.

Clover hay, cut very fine and scalded, is an excellent ration for growing pigs that have been weaned. A mess of the cut clover given once a day will promote their appetites and keep them in health.

Every animal on the farm should pay for all the feed it can eat, and if it will not do this and pay a profit the sooner it is got rid of the better. With good stock there is no economy in stinting the feed.

The cows that are kept for milk should be regarded as a machine to convert the food supplied into milk, and in order to secure as large a product as possible, plenty of raw material must be supplied.

A stockman says: "I can invest $1,000 in sheep and burn every pound of wool produced for five years, and make more clear money than can be made on cattle, horses or hogs in the same length of time."

Bruised wounds require fomentation with cloths wrung out of warm water, or warm poultices. To make a soft, emollient poultice, pour sufficient boiling water on a mixture of equal parts of wheat-bran and flaxseed-meal, to make it thick, soft, and moist, but not dripping.

Seasonable Recipes.

FOR STAINS ON WHITE GOODS.—Oxalic acid dissolved in a little water is very good, but must be washed out immediately and handled carefully as it is poison.

WASHING COMPOUND.—Two lbs. soda ash, ¼ lb. borax, ¼ lb. salsoda; powder and mix; 1 tablespoonful to every 4 pails of water in boiler, and soak the clothes in it if desired.

COFFEE CAKE.—One cup each of sugar, molasses, butter, raisins and cold coffee, three cups flour, or sufficient to form stiff batter, one teaspoonful soda and two of cinnamon.

INDIAN PUDDING.—Boil one quart milk and add one cup corn meal, previously mixed with a little milk, and one cup raisins; let cool until lukewarm; add one cup molasses, a little salt, and bake three hours. Serve with cream or sauce, as preserved.

COCOANUT PIE.—Grate one cocoanut stew slowly in one quart of milk, pour it upon one-half a loaf of baker's bread crumbled very fine; when cold add one pound of sugar and one-quarter pound of butter beaten to a cream; stir them well together, then add six eggs beaten light; bake with a single crust.

EGG TEA.—One pint of milk, three teaspoonfuls tea, (just moisten the tea with boiling water), throw into the hot milk and let it boil up just three minutes; have an egg well beaten with sugar to the taste; strain the milk on it, stirring it quickly; return to the vessel and let it just come to a boil.

CHOCOLATE.—One and a quarter cups chocolate, one quart milk, one teaspoonful cornstarch dissolve in water or milk, two tablespoonfuls sugar. Mix the chocolate to a paste with boiling water, and one-half pint of the milk, and boil thirty minutes, then add the other one-half pint of milk and boil; while boiling stir in the cornstarch and sugar.

BONED CHICKEN.—Boil a young fowl until tender; remove the meat from the bones, chop fine and season with pepper, salt and butter, and pour over it the liquor that the chicken was cooked in, which should be boiled down to a jelly; put it in a basin and press down with a weight until it is cold; keep in a cool place. Slice with a very sharp knife.

Ninety and Nine.

There are ninety and nine that live and die,
In want and hunger and cold;
That one may revel in luxury
And be wrapped in his silken fold;
The ninety and nine in their hovels bare,
The one in his palace with riches rare.

They toil in the fields, the ninety and nine,
For the fruits of our mother earth;
They dig and delve in the dusky mine,
And bring its rich treasures forth.
But the wealth released by their steady blows
To the hands of the one forever flows.

By the sweat of the brow the desert blooms,
And the forest before them falls.
Their labor has builded numble homes,
And cities with lofty halls;
But the one owns cities and homes and lands,
While the ninety and nine have empty hands.

But the night so dreary, so dark, so long,
At last shall the morning bring;
And over the land the victor's song
Of the ninety and nine shall ring
And echo afar from zone to zone
Rejoice for labor shall have its own.

What Folks Said.

During the war, one of those local nobodies who so often got high military positions through a "pull" was made a brigadier-general, and could talk of nothing else. Meeting a farmer of his acquaintance one day, he asked him, "Well, Jim, I suppose you know I've been appointed brigadier-general?" "Yes," said James, "I heerd so." "Well, what do folks say about it?" "They don't say nothin'" replied truthful James. "They jest laugh."

Does He Kill Them.

"How horrible it must be to be buried alive!" exclaimed Cumso to his family physician.

"Yes, indeed?" replied the medical man. "I assure you none of my patients are ever buried alive!"—The Memphi.

IS THE EARTH A DYNAMO?

A Metallurgical Engineer Advances an Interesting Argument on the Subject.

The earth is a great dynamo, revolving around its axis at a peripherical velocity at the equator of more than 1,000 miles an hour, a much higher speed than is attained by any dynamo made by man, writes Jacob Reese in the Philadelphia *Inquirer*.

By virtue of the dynamic action of the earth electricity is drawn into it. And as the dynamic action is largely due to its velocity, and the velocity being greatest at the equator, the dynamic effect will be greatest at that point. Hence the greatest amount of electricity will be drawn to the earth at the equator and the least at the poles.

Temperature being the measure of molecular activity (as weight is the measure of matter) the temperature will be highest at the equator because the molecular activity is greatest at that point; and so the temperature will be less and less as we pass from the equator toward the North or the South poles, because the peripherical velocity grow less and the dynamic action is diminished. The phenomena we call sun rays are produced by the electric currents drawn to the earth by its dynamic action.

Matter *per se* is imponderable and inert; it is endowed with energy by the physical forces, and is thus made electrical. The different elementary bodies are endowed with energy in different degrees, hence they vary in their electric capacity. The phenomena of weight and specific gravity are caused by the dynamic action of the earth drawing all matter containing electricity to it, and consequently drawing all matter containing electricity, and as the matter is differentially endowed with electric power, the dynamic effect in drawing it to the earth will vary accordingly. We thus find that the difference in the weight and the specific gravity of matter is caused by the dynamic action of the earth.

Matter may be divided; the end of physical division is the molecule. Sir William Thompson, an expert in molecular physics, says that "there are nineteen million million million molecules in a cubic centimeter of any gas." From this we learn that the particles that compose the atmosphere are infinitely small. The dynamic action of the earth drawing the electric sun current through the atmosphere forces these minute molecules into such a high state of activity that they exhibit the phenomenon we call sunlight. Sunlight being produced by the molecular activity of our atmosphere, is confined to it, and darkness prevails between our atmosphere and the sun.

The electricity drawn into the earth by its dynamic action increases the molecular activity of the material, and as the electric currents approach the center of the earth they focus, and by their aggregated action the molecular activity of the earth is increased to that velocity that exhibits incandescence. Thus we find that the heat of the earth is not produced nor is it sustained by the combination of fuel, such as coal, oil or natural gas, but is generated and sustained by the dynamic action of the earth.

The greatest peripherical velocity, and the greatest dynamic action being at the equator, the greatest amount of incandescent matter will be found beneath the torrid zone, and for this reason volcanic action will be confined to that locality.

The normal path of energy is from the higher to the lower degree of activity, hence the electricity drawn to the earth by its dynamic action passes from the higher peripherical velocity to the lower velocity near the axis, and from thence out at or near the North pole and from there to the North Star, thus producing the Northern lights and an arctic open polar sea, for the electric current passing out at the North Pole will put the water into such a high state of activity as will prevent its freezing, notwithstanding the low peripherical velocity of the earth at that locality.

The Slot.

A gentleman writing from Sheffield, England, to the *Inventive Age*, says: "In a grimy little inn of this place I found the landlord quietly smoking his pipe. I wanted to smoke but had neither pipe nor tobacco, but that mattered not. The good landlord brought from his collection a pipe of the 'church warden' variety, so long that the stem once in my mouth I had to slip forward a yard or so to reach the bowl. For tobacco he placed a tin box on the table. It was about a foot long, 8 inches wide, and perhaps 6 deep. There was a slit in the cover. Into this the landlord dropped a big English penny, whereupon the lock was released with a click, and, having raised the cover, we filled our pipes with the tobacco lying loose inside. It was a crude but effective example of the nickel-in-the-slot machine. 'This box,' said the landlord, 'is always in the smoking-room for the convenience of the guests who are out of tobacco, and the pennies dropped in to secure a pipeful just about pay for keeping the supply undiminished.' 'I should think,' I suggested, 'that the box once opened all the tobacco might be extracted by some conscienceless vagabonds. Your box isn't modern. It ought to be so contrived that only a limited supply could be obtained for each penny.' 'I don't think,' he responded, "that the box has suffered much from dishonest users, and as for being modern, of course it isn't. That box has been in use in this hotel for more than 150 years, and is probably the forerunner of all the penny-in-the-slot machines now so common all over England, and America, too, as I understand.' The box was certainly battered and dusty enough to have been in use that length of time, and there seems to be no reason to doubt the landlord's statement with regard to it."

Looking for a Night Job.

Past Commander James S. Fraser, of the Grand Army of the Republic, of this state, told some friends the other night a story about a man he sent down to the custom house to get a job as night watchman. Collector Erhardt sent the man to the civil service board to be examined, say the New York *Star*. The man was quite intelligent, and answered all the questions put to him until he was asked what the distance was between the earth and the sun. He hesitated for a long time, and finally acknowledged that he did not know.

"You don't know?" asked the commissioner, severely.

"Mister," said the applicant, "I didn't think I would have to answer a question like that. I'm looking for a night job!"

A Crucial Test.

Maine Lawyer—"What is your opinion of the character of Deacon Blank?"

Witness (cautiously)—"I never heard nothin' ag'in him."

"Don't you know him to be an honest man?"

"Wall, he's been fair an' square in all his dealin's with me, and with others so far as I know."

"Isn't that sufficient to prove him a man of sterling integrity?"

"Wall, I dunno. I never traded hosses with him."—*N. Y. Weekly.*

Euphemistic.

In speaking of a prominent New Yorker the N. Y. *Herald* remarks that he is a gentleman upon whom nature has lavished all those qualities which lead a man to "rush in where angels fear to tread."

LUCK AND THRIFT.

A Sensible Investment of a Big Louisiana State Lottery Prize.

[San Francisco (Cal.) Call, March 15.]

Henry Kappeler and his wife, Clara, a thrifty German couple, are not only very lucky people, but they are as wise as they are fortunate. They reside at 542½ Natoma street, between Sixth and Seventh. In the drawing of The Louisiana State Lottery Company of February last the Kappeler family funds were enriched to the amount of $15,000 by their investment of $1 in the purchase of a coupon. Yesterday afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Kappeler were seen by a Call reporter and questioned about their lucky venture. Mr. Kappeler, speaking for himself and partner, said: Yes, we were fortunate to win a $15,000 prize in The Louisiana State Lottery, and we have got our money safely in bank. At present we are looking for a suitable piece of property to invest the money in, so that we will have something to fall back on in our old age or sickness. In the future we shall continue to buy a lottery ticket every month and keep on trying our luck.

That which is a mistake with some men is a success with others.

We moved here recently and the druggist said he didn't have any Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers, but when I said I wouldn't have any other, he said he would get some in a few days, and so he did. I know what Dr. Bull's Worm Destroyers will do, and will not give my children any other.—Mrs. J. D. Blair, Burton, Cal.

Love makes a woman beautiful, and a man haggard.

Deafness Can't be Cured

by local applications, as they can not reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Catarrh) that we can not cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

You need not only to think about your spring's work, but get ready for it.

Says the Southern Medical World:

"Mother's Friend" is growing in favor throughout the South and is highly recommended by physicians. We consider it indispensable to those who know they must pass through the ordeal of childbirth. Write Bradfield Reg. Co., Atlanta, Ga., for particulars. Sold by all druggists.

More attention ought to be paid to the teeth of our domestic animals. They often suffer from neglect.

WYOMING'S CAPITAL.

In the Congressional report upon the admission of Wyoming many facts were given going to show her is richer in resources than any of her sisters, and no territory ever applied for admission so thoroughly qualified. This report shows the CAPITAL, CHEYENNE, to be one of the wealthiest cities of its size in the world, and certainly the most favored and prosperous. The Union Pacific Railway is now constructing shops there to cost $6,000,000, and employ 1,500 men. This fact, coupled with the early admission of the State assured, is causing a rush to CHEYENNE, but her realty is still low, offering the best investment in the West. We have the best unimproved residence property in the city, and our prices are even lower than that immediately adjoining. We are offering only alternate blocks, and to induce a quick response we will, to a limited amount, take two-fifths in clear lands or chattles, a small cash payment, balance in one and two years, at seven per cent, semi-annual interest. Call at our Cheyenne office or address THE INTERIOR LAND AND IMMIGRATION CO., Department B, Denver, Colorado.

Many a man is in pain who does not groan.

A Woman Two Hundred Years Old.

A case is on record of a woman who lived to this advanced age, but it is scarcely necessary to state that it was in "the olden time." Nowadays too many women do not live half their allotted years. The mortality due to functional derangements in the weaker sex is simply frightful, to say nothing of the indescribable suffering which makes life scarcely worth the living to so many women. But for these sufferers there is a certain relief. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will positively cure leucorrhea, painful menstruation, prolapsus, pain in the ovaries, weak back; in short, all those complaints to which so many women are martyrs. It is the only *guaranteed* cure, see guarantee on bottle-wrapper.

Cleanse the liver, stomach, bowels and whole system by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets.

The kind of ties that tramps wear—railroad ties.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Sour swill is one of the sources of disease in the hog. Much of it is kept until it becomes too acid for even a hog.

The Honest Doctor

"Yes, my friend, I have been practicing my profession of medicine for over thirty years, and have studied this matter of blood disease closely, and to-day I am frank to say that Swift's Specific is the only remedy which I have ever found for this hydra-headed monster called contagious blood poison, and its consequences. It seems to eliminate the poison from the system entirely, and at the same time builds up the vital forces of the patient, causes good appetite and digestion and tones up the whole system. I have long ago discarded the old potash and mercury and sarsaparilla mixtures, which only substitute one disease for another, and sooner or later wreck the health of the sick person."

Have used S. S. S. in treatment of blood taint, with remarkable success.
J. WILEY QUILLIAN, M. D., Easley, S. C.

I have tried Swift's Specific in a very bad case of blood disease, and take great pleasure in saying it was a perfect success, producing a complete cure. I have also tried it in many other cases with good results.
J. R. YERION, M. D., Millsap, Tex.

Treatise on contagious blood poison mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

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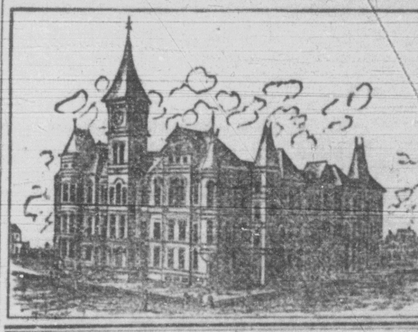
FEMALE UNIVERSITY.



The Oak Cliff Female University to be erected at Oak Cliff, a beautiful suburb of Dallas, is assured. The board of trustees is composed of the leading men of Dallas, viz: Bryan T. Barry, B. Simpson, E. G. Paten, A. Berger, J. S. Griffith, T. L. Marsalis, F. N. Oliver, W. E. Betterton and W. E. Hughes. Over $100,000 has been received in donations or subscriptions to the capital stock, the shares of which are receivable as tuition, etc. The building, which will cost $400,000, will be begun at an early date. The grounds adjoining the college site will be laid out in park and contain tennis grounds, promenades, etc. The company takes land in any part of the state and gives certificates of stock for same. The University will be strictly non-sectarian.

PISO'S CURE FOR
Best Cough Medicine. Recommended by Physicians. Cures where all else fails. Pleasant and agreeable to the taste. Children take it without objection. By druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS. 25 CTS.

A man never knows how large his stomach is until he has the dyspepsia.

For Throat Diseases, Coughs, Colds, etc., effectual relief is found in the use of "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Price 25 cts. *Sold only in boxes.*

The government of Saratoff, Russia, sells each year to the people an immense quantity of tar for use in their business. All the sales are on credit, and as the peasants can neither read nor write the account of each is kept by means of certain signs made with the tar upon his doorpost. Pay day comes every fall, and then only are the doorposts of Saratoff washed clean until a new account is started.

We claim some things for Cheatham's Chill Tonic, but not everything. It will not cure softening of the brain or ingrowing nails, but it will cure chills—cold chills. Guaranteed.

The Forth bridge cost the lives of fifty-six workingmen during the seven years of its construction, but the engineers insist that this is a remarkably good showing. They say: "The fact that the loss of life has not been larger on a work of such magnitude with so large a number of men employed in dangerous positions, shows that no reasonable precautions for their safety have been omitted."

For agency and offers on "Tansill's Punch" 5c Cigar, address R. W. Tansill & Co., Chicago.

The sentiment of a community toward a citizen changes every three months.

THE BEST REMEDY FOR CHILDREN SUFFERING FROM COLD in HEAD SNUFFLES

CATARRH HAY-FEVER

ELY'S CREAM BALM CURES COLD IN HEAD CATARRH HAY FEVER PRICE 50 CENTS ELY BROTHERS OWEGO N.Y. U.S.A.

A particle is applied into each nostril and is agreeable. Price 50 cents at druggists; by mail registered, 60 cts. ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren St., New York.

To cure Biliousness, Sick Headache, Constipation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy, SMITH'S
BILE BEANS
Use the SMALL SIZE (40 little beans to the vial). They are the most convenient; suit all ages. Price of either size, 25 cents per bottle.
KISSING at 7, 17, 79: Photo-graven panel size of this picture for 6 cents (coppers or stamps).
J. F. SMITH & CO.,
Makers of "Bile Beans." St. Louis, Mo.

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The only great schools for business training in the South. Largest number of students. Finest equipments. Largest corps of Teachers. Best course of study. Best reputation and best class of patrons. Summer Normal Business School for Teachers. Elegant catalogue, free. College journal and a beautiful written letter with pen for wishing Free. Write to F. P. PREUITT, Pres. Fort Worth, or Dallas, Tex.

TAR-OID
A new method of compounding Tar.
CURE CURE for PILES, SALT RHEUM
and all Skin Diseases. Send 2 2c stamps for Free Book with Book. 73 Sold by all Druggists and by mail. TAR-OID CO., 73 Randolph St., Chicago. Price $1.
Meyer Bros. Drug Co. Agents, Dallas, Tex.

YOUR BABY
Will love to take GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is as pleasant to take as Lemon Syrup. Children cry for it. Never fails to cure. Chills once broken will not return. Cost you only half a cent a dose. Price of other Chill Tonics. No purgative needed. Contains no Poison.
Sold by all Druggists. WARRANTED

THE ELKHART CARRIAGE & HARNESS MFG. CO.
$14. Tight bottom and dash

For 16 Years have sold to consumers at WHOLESALE Prices, saving them the DEALERS' profits. Ship ANYWHERE for examination before buying. Pay freight charges if not satisfactory. Warranted for 2 years. Buggies, Harness, Spring Wagons & Harness. 64-page Catalogue FREE. Address F. B. PRATT, Sec'y, Elkhart, Indiana.

Cures in 1 TO 5 DAYS. Guaranteed not to cause Stricture.
Big G
Mf'd only by the Evans Chemical Co. Cincinnati, Ohio.
I prescribe and fully endorse Big G as the best specific for the certain cure of this disease.
U. M. INGRAHAM, M. D. Amsterdam, O.
We have sold Big G for many years, and it has given the best of satisfaction.
D. R. DYCHE & CO., Chicago, Ill.
Trade Mark
Sold by Druggists, $1.00.

$60 WILL BUY THE BEST 5-Ton Wagon Scale
Tare Beam and Beam Box Free. Send for circulars.
Jones he Pays the Freight.
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

OPIUM and Whisky Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE.
B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D.
Office, 63½ Whitehall Street. Atlanta, Georgia.

AGENTS WANTED FOR THE NEW STANLEY Book. "Heroes of the Dark Contin